

PRI Vision Refer r al Rec ommendations



- 1) Patients who have not been able to maintain neutrality at the temporal mandibular cervical cranial region or brachial chains after orthognathic issues have been addressed.

- 2) Patients who cannot feel comfortable wearing contacts or glasses with PRI intervention after recent optometric examination and treatment.

- 3) PRI neutrality after application of manual or non-manual PRI repositioning techniques with eyes closed or with occluders (sticky note) after being upright, and loss of neutrality when eyes are opened, or occluders come off while standing.

- 4) Patient cannot center over left lower extremity without sidebending at the right thorax and left neck.

- 5) Patient can improve their performance without eyewear on, in front or not in front of a mirror, during Left Perceptual Cranial Tilt Testing with Left Trunk Rotation or during Left Perceptual Cranial Tilt Test with Right Trunk Rotation.

Listing or leaning to the right, with or without eyewear, is a positive PRI test, which means they failed the test.

Listing or leaning or falling to the left, is a negative PRI test, which means they passed the test. This indicates their center of gravity has been shifted appropriately to the left. Instability on this side is still an issue.